If the fielder or wicketkeeper still refuses to comply, then the umpires are required to:

- a. Advise the captain of the fielding side and/or their responsible adult that, unless the fielder/wicket keeper complies, their team will be deemed to be refusing to play and that the game will be awarded to their opponents (Law 16.3.1.2).
- b. After giving the captain/responsible adult some time to resolve the situation, ask them if their team is refusing to play.
- c. If they confirm this or have not resolved the situation, award the game to their opponents.
- d. Leave the field of play and report the events and individuals involved to the authority responsible for the game.

ECB Safety Regulations - Protective Equipment

Every player under the age of 18 on the day of the match must:

- a. Wear a helmet with a face guard or grille when batting against a hard ball.
- b. Wear a helmet with a face guard or grille if aged 16 or 17 when fielding within 8 yards (7.3m) of the batter, unless fielding behind the wicket on the off side.
- c. Wear a helmet with a face guard or grille, or a face protector, when keeping wicket and standing up.
- d. If male (irrespective of gender) if required to wear a helmet or face protector also wear a groin protector (box).

Once either umpire becomes aware that any of the above conditions is not being met, no further play will be allowed until the matter is resolved.

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c. Report the player to the authority responsible for the game.

b. Advise both batters and both captains.

a. Whether it is during or between overs, award 5 penalty runs to the batting side.

If the fielder or wicket keeper still refuses to comply, then the umpires are required to:

d. Advise the batters you have done this.

c. Advise the captain of the fielding team this is a first and final warning.

b. If they refuse, apply Law 41.9 - time wasting by the fielding side.

a. Advise the fielder or wicket keeper that they are required to comply

complying...

B. In the case of a fielder or wicket keeper not

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c. After three minutes, and without the need for an appeal, give them out - timed out.

b. If they refuse, advise them they have three minutes to do so.

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a. Tell a batter **not wearing a helmet at the**start of their innings that they must wear

A. In the case of a batter not complying...

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2. If the umpires are ACO Full Members and/or League appointed umpires, they are required

b. Report the matter and those involved to the authority responsible for the match.

a. Refuse to continue to umpire the match and leave the field of play.

required to:

J. If the umpires are non ACO members, 'player officials' or occasional umpires, they are

If the matter is not/cannot be resolved, then the umpires will adopt the following procedures:

- a. Tell a batter who has commenced their innings but then removes their helmet, that they must wear one.
- b. If they refuse apply Law 41.10 batters wasting time.
- c. Advise the batters that this is a first and final warning.
- d. Advise the fielding and batting captains you have done this and that it applies throughout the innings.
- e. Advise each incoming batter of this.

If the batter still refuses to comply, then the umpires are required to:

- a. Award 5 penalty runs to the fielding side.
- b. Advise both batters and both captains.
- c. Report the player to the authority responsible for the game.

If the batter still refuses to comply, then the umpires are required to:

- a. Advise the captain of the batting side and/or their responsible adult that, unless the batter complies, their team will be deemed to be refusing to play and that the game will be awarded to their opponents (Law 16.3.1.2).
- b. After giving the captain/responsible adult some time to resolve the situation, ask them if their team is refusing to play.
- c. If they confirm this or have not resolved the situation, award the game to their opponents.
- d. Leave the field of play and report the events and individuals involved to the authority responsible for the game.